It appears from this table that the four States with the largest Jewries (the United States, Poland, Russia, and Roumania) have a joint Jewish population of 11,200,0005 making about 70 per cent of world-Jewry.

(3) PERCENTAGE OF JEWS IN THE TOTAL POPULATION

In East European countries and Palestine the Jews form between 5 and 17 per cent of the population; in most countries of Central Europe, the Balkans, and the Near East, and further, in the United States, the Argentine, Canada, and South Africa, they form between 1 and 5 per cent; in Western and Northern Europe, and in other overseas countries, their proportion falls below 1 per cent; and there are. practically no Jews in Central Asia, India, the Far East, and in the interior of Africa.

Within single countries the percentage of Jews varies considerably. In the Union of Soviet Republics the Jews form 8-2 per cent in White Russia, 5-4 in the Ukraine, 0-6 in Central, and 0-8 per cent in Asiatic Russia. In the Ukraine itself the percentage varies as between different districts from 0-2 to 19-7 (in Odessa). The Jews are most numerous in parts comprising big towns and industrial areas, and least numerous in the purely agrarian districts.

In Poland the percentage of Jews is highest in late Russian Poland (14*2) and lowest in the late Prussian provinces of Posnania and West Prussia (D-5 and 0-3). The largest part of the original Jewish population of those provinces had emigrated by 1919, and so far comparatively few Jews have entered them from other parts of Poland.

In the United States, 9 out of the 49 States of the Union comprised in 1927 83-5 per cent of the Jewish population— 3,532,000 out of a total of 4,228,000; these were the States of the Northern and Central Atlantic sea-board (New York,